

# RECORDER DAS240

**USER'S MANUAL** 

Edition October 2016 M240002E

Thank you for buying a SEFRAM recorder and for your trust in our company. The main goal of our various teams (research department, production, commercial, after-sales...) is to meet your requirements as much as possible by designing or updating high tech products.

Please read cautiously this user's manual for an optimal use of your recorder.

Our team is available to provide you any additional information:

#### 04-77-59-01-01

Commercial service e-mail: sales@sefram.fr
After-sales service e-mail: sav@sefram.fr
Technical support e-mail: support@sefram.fr

Fax: +33 (0)4 77 57 23 23

Web: www.sefram.fr



Copyright SEFRAM, 2016. All right reserved.

Any total or partial copy of this document needs the authorization of SEFRAM.

#### **WARRANTY**

Your instrument is guaranteed for one year for labor and parts against any manufacturing defect and/or functioning hazard. This guarantee extends from the delivery date and ends 365 calendar days later.

In case of guarantee contract, this will cancel or replace these guarantee conditions here above.

The guarantee conditions by SEFRAM are available on the website www.sefram.com. The general guarantee conditions should prevail on the following conditions that they sum up. This guarantee does not cover the result of any abnormal use, handling mistake or mistake in the storage conditions outside the defined range.

In case of application of the guarantee, the user shall return, at its own expenses, the relevant appliance to our factory:

SEFRAM Instruments & Systems
After-Sales Service
32, Rue Edouard MARTEL
BP 55
42009 SAINT-ETIENNE CEDEX 2

And add a description of the observed breakdown to the appliance.

The standard supplies provided with the appliance (cables, outlets...), the consumables (batteries ...) and the optional supplies (suitcases...) are guaranteed for 3 months against any manufacturing defect.

Such items as a suitcase, a LCD screen or a touchpad are guaranteed only for a normal use. The guarantee does not cover wearing, accidental breaks or consecutive to a shock or any abnormal use.

The factory options integrated to the appliance are guaranteed for the same duration as the appliance itself.

In case of replacement or repair of the product, the remaining guarantee duration shall be:

- The remaining duration of the guarantee if the appliance is still under guarantee
- If the guarantee duration is less than 90 days, the replaced part is guaranteed for 90 days

Any replacement part becomes the property of the user and the exchanged parts become the property of SEFRAM.

In case of intervention by an insurance company, the product becomes the property of the insurance company upon its exclusive request. Else, it shall remain property of the user. The guarantee covers exclusively the materials manufactured and provided by SEFRAM. Any intervention by the user or any third party without prior authorization by the company voids the guarantee.

The user shall be responsible for the return of its appliance to our site. Hence, it shall provide for a conditioning that shall correctly protect the appliance while shipping. It shall subscribe, at its own expenses, any insurance required for the transport.

The SEFRAM company reserves the right to refuse any product wrongly conditioned and not to take in charge any break consecutive to the transport.

Particular case of the battery: There is a Li-ion battery as a standard equipment of this appliance. It shall not be transported outside the appliance. In no case shall the user replace it. Its replacement in the factory is necessary to check the charge system and the protective securities.

### What to do in case of malfunction?

In case of malfunction or for any problem of use, please contact the SEFRAM Instruments & Systems after-sales service.

A technician will take your call in charge and will provide you any required information to solve your problem.

#### What to do in case of machine failure?

In case of failure, please contact the SEFRAM Instruments & Systems after-sales service.

Need advice?

Need technical assistance?

SEFRAM Instruments & Systems commits itself to help you by phone for the use of your appliance.

Please phone: **04-77-59-01-01** 

Or send an e-mail to: <a href="mailto:support@sefram.fr">support@sefram.fr</a>

### **METROLOGY**

The metrological conditions of your measurement instrument are defined in the specifications of this notice. Climate and environmental conditions restrict the specifications of your recorder. SEFRAM checks the characteristics of each appliance one by one on an automatic bench during its manufacture. The adjustment and control are guaranteed under conditions of the ISO9001 certification by facilities in connection with the COFRAC (or equivalent in the context of ILAC reciprocity).

The specified characteristics are considered stable for a period of 12 months of use, and under normal conditions of use.

We recommend a check after 12 months and max. 24 months of use, then every 12 months after 24 months.

For any check of the characteristics, the following average climate conditions shall be maintained  $(23^{\circ}\text{C} + 3^{\circ}\text{C} - 50(+20) \text{ %RH})$ . The recorder should have been working for 0.5 hour before check.

We recommend that you have this control made by our after-sales service (Service Après-Vente) for the best service and preservation of the measuring quality of your instrument.

When a recorder returns to SEFRAM, maximum service is provided with internal updating according to the required adjustments and software updates. In case of shift in the characteristics, your instrument shall be adjusted to recover its original characteristics.

### TABLE OF CONTENT

1.	IMPORTANT INFORMATION					
1.1.	SPECIFIC CAUTIONS	1.3				
1.2.	SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS					
1.2.1						
	•					
2.	PRESENTATION					
2.1.	GENERAL	2.1				
2.2.	DESCRIPTION					
2.2.1						
2.3.1						
3.						
3.1.	SWITCHING ON					
3.1.1	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
3.1.2						
3.2.	CONNECTION TO THE MEASURING CIRCUIT					
3.2.1	$\mathcal{E}$					
3.2.2						
3.2.3	1					
3.2.4						
3.2.6						
3.2.7						
3.3.	UPDATING THE INTERNAL SOFTWARE					
3.4.	EXTERNAL POWER					
3.5.	BATTERY					
3.6.	OFFSET CALIBRATION					
3.7.	DEFAULT CALIBRATION					
3.8.	Dемо море					
4.	USE					
4.						
4.1.	DESCRIPTION OF THE UPPER BAND					
4.2.	DESCRIPTION OF THE RIGHT BAND					
4.3.	SET-UP MENU					
4.4.	CHANNELS MENU					
4.5.	ANALOGIC CHANNELS					
4.6.	ADDITIONAL FUNCTIONS BETWEEN CHANNELS					
4.7.	Logical Channels					
4.7.1	Logical functions					
4.7.2.	8					
4.8. 4.9.	CHANNEL VALIDATION					
4.10.						
4.11.						
4.11.	- (-)					
4.11.	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
4.11.						
4.12.	1					
4.13.						
4.14.						
4.15.						
5.	TRIGGERS					
5.1.	ANALOGIC CHANNEL TRIGGER					
5.1.1	8					
5.1.2	1					
5.1.3	Trigger on Logic Channels	5.4				
6.	MATHEMATICAL CALCULATIONS					
6.1.	Definitions	6.1				
0.1.	DELIMITORS.					

6.2.	TYPES OF CALCULATIONS	6.2
7.	DATE ACQUISITION	
7.1.	LAUNCH PAGE	7.1
7.2.	Recording	
7.3.	FILE OUTPUT	
7.3.1.		
7.3.2.		
8.	FILE MANAGEMENT	•••••
8.1.	GENERAL	<b>§</b> 1
8.2.	SET UP FILE	
8.2.1.		
8.2.2.		
8.3.	MANAGEMENT OF THE DATA ACQUISITION FILES	
8.3.1.		
8.3.2.		
9.	INPUTS/OUTPUTS	
9.1.	ADDITIONAL INPUT/OUTPUT CONNECTORS	
9.1.	LOGIC INPUTS	
9.2.1.		
9.3.	ALARM OUTPUTS	
9.3.1.		
9.4.	POWER SUPPLY OUTPUT	
9.5.	EXTENSION BOX INPUT/OUTPUT INTERFACE	
9.6.	EXTENSION WIRE FOR LOGICAL CHANNELS	
	INTERFACE	
	ETHERNET INTERFACE	
10.1. 10.2.		
10.2.	WIFI INTERFACE	
10.3.	FTP TRANSFER	
	Managing with VNC:	
10.4.1		
10.4.2 10.4.3		
11.	TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS	
11.1.	GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS	11.1
11.2.	TENSION RECORDING	
11.3.	RECORD OF THE TEMPERATURE OF THERMOCOUPLE	
11.4.	PT100/PT1000 RECORD	
11.5.	RESISTANCE PROBE RECORD	
11.6.	SAMPLING	
11.7.	ADDITIONAL INPUTS / OUTPUTS	
11.7.1		
11.7.2	$\epsilon$	
11.7.3	r	
11.7.4	1 11 2	
11.8.	TRIGGERS	
11.9.	ACQUISITION FILES	
11.10		
11.10		
11.10		
11.10	1 2	
11.11		
11.11		
11.11	11 7	
11.11	$\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$	
11.12	,	
11.13		
11.13	.1. Accessories provided with the appliance	11.6

11.13	3.2. Accessories and options	11.6
12.	APPENDS	
12.1.	. MEASUREMENT ACCURACY FOR THERMOCOUPLE	12.1
12.2.	. ACCURACY CLASS – CLASS INDEX	12.4

## 1. IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Please read cautiously the following instructions before using your recorder.

## 1.1. Specific cautions

**Do not use** the product for any other use than planned.

To prevent any risk of electric shock, never plug of unplug the measurement cords when linked to the mains.

Never use in a wet environment.

Never use in an explosive atmosphere.

**In case of malfunction or for the maintenance of the appliance**, only qualified personal shall be allowed to work on it. In such a case, it is necessary to use SEFRAM spare parts. **Never open the appliance**: there is live tension.

## 1.2. Safety instructions

For a correct use of the appliance, it is necessary that the users abide by the security instructions and the instructions of use described in the manual.

Specific warnings are provided all along the manual

If required, there are warning symbols on the appliance

Symbols and definitions

### **Symbols in this handbook:**



Warning: potential danger for the user



**Attention:** potential danger for the appliance and/or the connected equipment



**Remark:** important information.

### Symbols on the appliance:



Danger (High voltage): immediate corporal danger



**Attention:** see the handbook. Risk of damage to the material connected to the instrument of the instrument itself.



**Ground:** accessible parts linked to the ground of the appliance.

### 1.2.1. Conformity and limits of the appliance

The DAS240 recorder is in conformity with IEC 61010-1 (2001-02).

See chapter "Technical specifications". §11.10



**Attention:** Never apply a higher voltage than the maximum authorized voltage between the channels and from the ground of the modules,

# 2. PRESENTATION

### 2.1. GENERAL

The DAS 240 is a programmable recorder that makes it possible to measure and record up to 200 channels, voltages (from 1mV to 100V), currents, temperatures (thermocouple, PT100, PT1000), resistance etc... as well as logical channels.

The dialog between the user and the recorder is made easier thanks to an intuitive interface on a wide capacitive and color 10"1 touchscreen.

The measurement parameters are easy to program.

The maximum recording period is 1ms (1 kHz) for a channel (2ms for 2 channels, 5ms for 5 channels etc...).

The recording is made directly on an internal 32 Go memory card.

The DAS240 is composed with a main base frame and extension modules of 20 channels each. These modules are linked to the main frame with a cable up to 20m.

The DAS240 is easy to program via Ethernet/Wi-Fi and uses the NTP, FTP and VNC protocols for a better use.

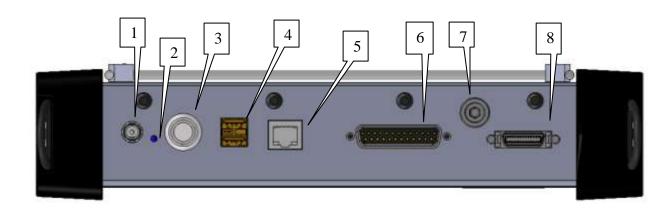
#### **Software**

The DAS240 can be delivered with an internal battery (ref: 900240500)

### 2.2. DESCRIPTION

### 2.2.1. Electrical connectors of the main frame

- 1- Battery supply/charger
- 2- Battery charging LED.
- 3- ON/OFF switch and switching on indicator.
- 4- 2 USB connectors for (female) USB stick.
- 5- RJ45 connector for the Ethernet 10/100 Base interface.
- 6- SUB-D 25-pin connector for the 16 logical inputs and the alarm output.
- 7- Ground connection
- 8- 24 point connector for an access to the external module.

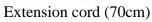


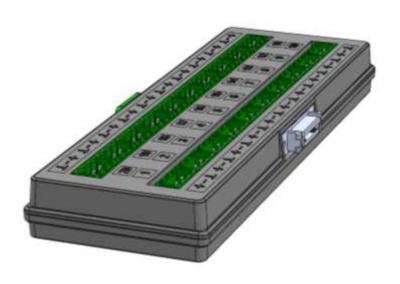


## 2.3.1. Extension module:

A module is delivered with the appliance with its 70 cm bounding cable and 20 external terminal blocks.







Extension module





5.08 mm 3 contact step connectors.

## 3. SET UP and PRECAUTION of USE

## 3.1. Switching on

Before switching on the appliance, make sure that the extension modules are connected.



**Attention**: Never remove or put the extension modules under voltage.

You turn on the recorder by pressing the button at the top of the appliance.

When the appliance is on, the ON/OFF button is lit in blue.

After launching the software, the recorder displays a homepage that specifies the hardware version, and then switches automatically to the "**Direct Display**" mode (oscilloscope).

You can display this homepage any time in the main menu by pressing the "additional option" or "start screen" keys.

At power-up, the appliances start with the latest configuration when they were shut down (see next paragraph).



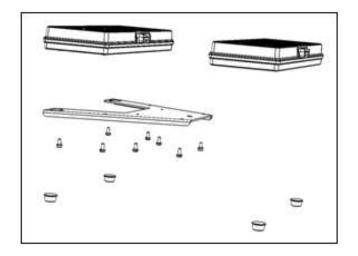
If the configuration has changed at power-up, contact the after-sales service.

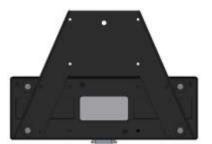
If the initial set-up is wrong:

- If the appliance still starts correctly: you can reinitialize the base set-up, by entering the main menu and clicking on the "set-up initialization" key.
- Otherwise: You can switch on the appliance with the base set-up: To do so, press quickly and many times the "ON/OFF" key at power-up of the appliance until display of the front page. A setup\_error.cnf file will be created in the base folder of the internal SD. Then contact the after-sales service.

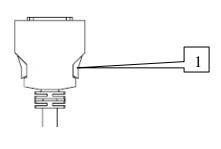
### 3.1.1. Use of the extension modules:

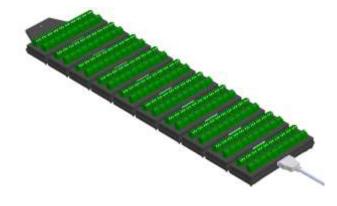
You can assemble up to 10 extension modules.





- Screw the electrical connectors' plate delivered in each additional extension.
- Assemble the extension modules together.
- Then screw the plates with the adjacent modules.
- Stick the additional adhesive buttress.
- Connect the cable using unlocking levers (1)
- Connect the cable on the DAS240 (which must be powered off).
- Switch on the appliance.







The appliance is delivered with a 70cm cable.

### 3.1.2. Switching off

To switch off the recorder, press the ON/OFF key (see paragraph 2.2).



The set-up will be saved, the current file will be closed and the appliance will be turned off.

If the appliance is not switched off correctly, then press the ON /OFF button for 5 seconds. In such case, the set-up will not be saved.

### **✓** Appliance without battery :

If the appliance stops without pressing the ON/OFF button (brutal stop of the power supply), the set-up will not be saved.

The appliance set-up at next start will be the same as the one of the latest start or of the latest acquisition.

## 3.2. Connection to the measuring circuit

You will use the terminal blocks provided with the appliance (ref x7004000).



### 3.2.1. Voltage measurement

The voltage measurement is performed between the + and – terminals of the relevant input.

The "⊥" terminal is not used.

### 3.2.2. Temperature measurement with a thermocouple

The voltage resulting from thermocouple effect must be measured between the + and – terminals of the relevant input.

The "⊥"terminal is not used.

### 3.2.3. Temperature measurement with PT100/PT1000

The PT100/PT1000 probe must be connected to the + and - terminals. The current is injected through the " $\perp$ " terminal.

For a 4 wire PT100/PT1000, the mounting will be in 3 wires, the 4th wire will not be connected.

Attention: the "\\_" current injection is shared by all the channels.

### Wiring:





2 wires

3 wires

#### 3.2.4. Resistance measurement

The resistance must be connected to the + and – terminals. A current injection is performed in 2 wires.



### 3.2.5. Current measurement

You can make current measurement by **shunt** between the + and - terminals of the relevant input.

You will use either an external resistance or the SEFRAM shunt (ref 902406500 :  $50\Omega$ )

In this case, select the "**current**" type among the parameters of the relevant channel. Connect the measurement wires to the shunt terminals.

### 3.2.6. Connection of the ground

- If the source of the signal you have to record has **low internal impedance**, you shall use **twisted wires**. In case of **high impedance**, you shall use **shielded wires**.
- When gathering grounds from the various items on the measurement line, it is good to check that there is no voltage difference between them, in order to prevent any shortcut. If any doubt, make a measurement with a voltmeter on a low resistance (i.e.  $1k\Omega$ ) between the terminals.
- If any important noise, an appropriate capacity can be placed between the ground and the wire of the signal.

#### 3.2.7. Routine maintenance

Maintenance only consists in cleaning outside the appliance. Any other operation requires a qualified personal.



Unplug the appliance before any intervention.

Never let water flow through the appliance to prevent any electrical discharge. Periodically clean the recorder with the following instructions:

- Use water and soap to clean the front and rear boards.
- Never use any product that contains petrol, benzene or alcohol: they would damage the screen printings.
- Wipe with a soft lint-free cloth.
- Use some antistatic product to cleanse the screen.

### 3.3. UPDATING THE INTERNAL SOFTWARE

The internal software is updated regularly with the latest evolutions. These updates are available on our website.

http://www.sefram.com/en/software-updates.html

To update the software, copy the file that will be provided on an USB stick. Place it on the USB connector on the rear side of the appliance.

Press the "Set up" key.

Then press the "Software update" key to enter the update.

Finally, to run the update, press the "Sofware update" key.

Then, the internal software automatically copies the necessary files to the new version.

Turn the appliance off and on after the end of the updating process.

## 3.4. External power

You can power the appliance using an external continuous voltage source. The appliance operates with a voltage of 15V (5 A). The charger block provided during the purchase acts as an external power.



**Attention**: When the charger is connected to the appliance, the metallic frame is linked to the ground of the electrical installation

### 3.5. Battery

The appliance s equipped with a lithium-ion battery (Li-ion). It is sent with charged battery. However, if the appliance has remained unused for more than one month, check its loading status and reload it if required.



**Attention**: any intervention on the battery requires dismantling of the appliance and shall be made by a SEFRAM technician.

Only use batteries provided by SEFRAM.

### **Security advice:**

- Never heat up or throw the battery pack into fire
- Never shunt parts of the battery: risk of explosion!
- Do not bore the battery.
- Do not dismantle the battery pack.
- Do not reverse the polarities of the battery.
- This battery pack includes a protective item that shall not be damaged or removed.
- Do not store the pack in a place exposed to heat.
- Do not damage the protective sheath of the pack.
- Do not store the appliance in a vehicle exposed to sunbeams.

The battery should last 200 charge-discharge cycles or 2 years.

Advice to extend the life of the battery:

- Do not discharge too much.
- Do not store the batteries too long without using them.
- Store the battery at around 40% charge.
- Do not fully charge or discharge the battery before storage.

When the battery is practically discharged, the appliance closes all open files, stops correctly the software, then shuts up by itself.

### To recharge the battery inside the appliance:

Connect the provided external power supply on the jack plug of the appliance.

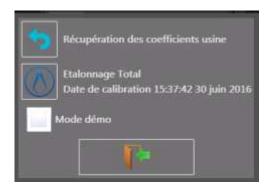
Connect the mains.

The internal charger stars loading the battery, the green light of battery charge lights up.

You can charge the appliance when on or off.

When the battery is loaded, the light turns off automatically.

### 3.6. Offset calibration



You can easily calibrate the recorder inputs for the voltage and thermocouple offsets. This will remove any offset present on different channels.

To do so:

- Let the appliance work for 20 minutes (ambient temperature 20-25°C).
- Enter the recorder main page and then press the "**Set-up**" key.
- Select the "Additional Option" menu.
- Select the "Electric Calibration" menu.
- Finally, press the "Calibration offset" key in order to confirm the calibration, which will last approximatly 5 minutes.
- Restart the appliance.

### 3.7. Default calibration

You can restore the default factory calibration to correct any possible mistake in the calibration coefficients:

Enter the "Electric Calibration" page (see the previous paragraph).

By pressing the "Recover factory calibration" key and then by confirming, you will restore the default factory calibration coefficients and give the date of initial plant start.

### 3.8. Demo mode

With the "Demo mode", you can apply a fictitious simulation to the inputs.

To do so, activate the trial mode and restart the appliance: the channels will be emulated and a sine wave will be applied to all the channels.

Do not forget to remove this mode after test.

## 3.9. Keypad lock

You can also lock the recorder completely, no key will be accessible.

- Press the "**Set-up**" key.
- Press the "Additional Option" key.
- Press the "Locking the recorder" key.

### Confirm!

The keypad lock will occur 10 seconds after you have pressed the confirmation key. All the keys of the appliance will be blocked.

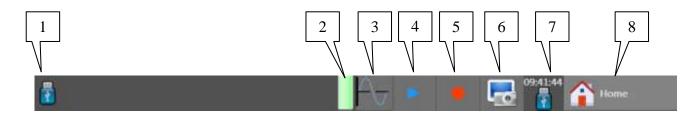
The "Main Menu" key will be replaced by a yellow padlock.

To unlock the recorder press twice of three times straight away this padlock.

# 4. USE

The recorder is equipped with a capacitive touchscreen. You can use the provided pen or a USB mouse.

# 4.1. Description of the upper band

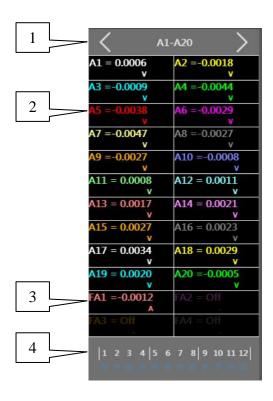


### Different areas on the screen:

- 1- Acquisition status (in progress, stop).
- 2- Battery status (if present option).
- 3- Direct access to display.
- 4- Access to the display of the saved file.
- 5- Access to the record.
- 6- Screenshot button.
- 7- Time and date.
- 8- Access to the main menu.

## 4.2. Description of the right band

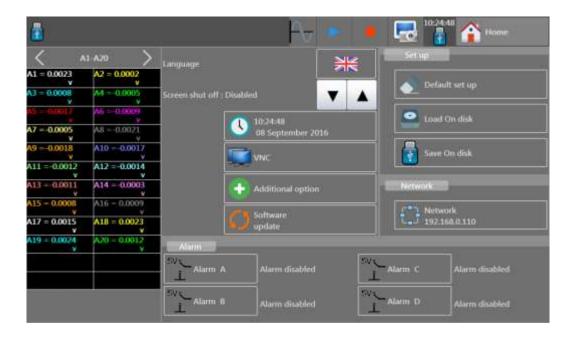
In this band, you directly have the instant value of the inputs, the functions and the logical channels. You can also access to the pages of the analog and logical channels.



- 1- Selection of the inputs to be displayed: you can display (by pressing the or keys):
  - Whether all the channels of a complete extension module as well as the associated functions, e.g. A1-A20 + FA1-FA4 or B1-20 +FB1-FA4 etc...
  - Whether a customized bloc (Custom-1) or (Custom-2)
  - Or the additional channels frequency and meter K1 to K4.
- 2- Direct access to a particular channel: by pressing the channel, you will display directly its page.
- 3- Direct access to the functions associated to the modules.
- 4- Real time display and access to the logical channels pages (if the logical channels are confirmed).

### 4.3. Set-up menu

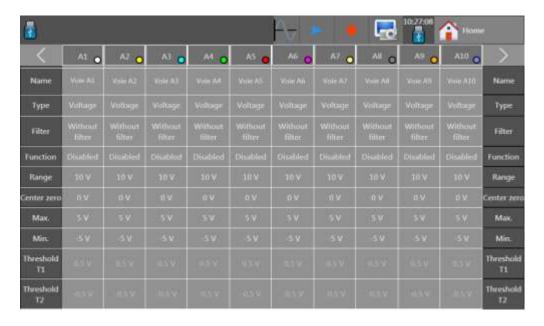
General configuration of the appliance, monitoring of the alarm outputs, network address TCP/IP, calibration of the channels, update of the internal software.



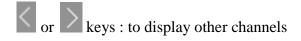
- Language: selection of the language of the appliance.
- Screen intensity: adjustment of the delay (without or variable 1-30min)
- Date modification: adjusting the time and date of the appliance (For NTP, see the Interface paragraph)
- VNC use: (see the Interface paragraph)
- Set-up administration : (see paragraph 13)
  - Set-up initialization: initialization of the appliance in its typical set-up.
  - Recover on disk: recovery of a set-up saved on the internal storage or on USB stick.
  - Save on a disk: Saving of the set-up on the internal storage or on USB stick.
- Network : (see the Interface paragraph)
- Additional options: Modification of the different parameters
  - Keypad beep: Activation or not of the keypad beep
  - Screen luminosity: Decrease of the backlight of the LCD screen.
  - Locking of the recorder (see paragraph 3.9)
  - Electric calibration (see paragraph 3.6)
  - Display of the start screen
- Version update: update of the internal software (see paragraph 3.3)
- Alarm A,B,C or D: use of the alarm outputs A-D (output (0-5V)
  - Without: No condition monitors the contact, which always remains open.
  - <u>Trip-out</u>: Monitoring by combination of the analog or logical channels, on several thresholds (see chapter Trip-out).

### 4.4. Channels menu

By pressing the menu « channels », you access the table of all available analogic and temperature channels of your recorder.

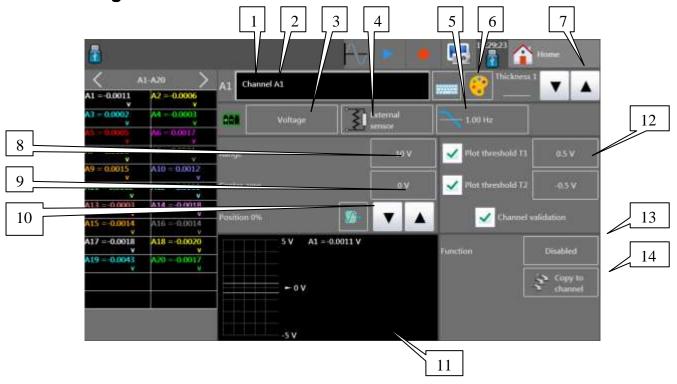


This table gives you a quick insight of the various adjustments of the channels. You can change these adjustments directly in this table by pressing the parameter you want to update. You can display 10 channels maximum.



You can access the setting of parameters channel by channel by pressing the name of the channel at the top of the table (A1, A2...) or by pressing on the bargraph of the channel (right side of the screen).

## 4.5. Analogic channels



- **1-** Number of the channel
- **2-** Name of the channel: give a name to the channel (26 characters max.)
- **3-** Type : choose the type of the measurement performed on the input
  - Voltage,
  - Current
    - Shunt value in current measurement (Automatic sensor 4-20mA): you choose the shunt resistance.
  - thermocouple,
    - o Choice of the thermocouple (J,K,TSBENCL)
    - o Choice of the cold junction compensation
    - o Choice of the unit (Celcius, Fahrenheit, Kelvin)
  - Resistance
  - PT100, PT1000
    - Choice of the number of wires and of the resistance
- **4-** Type of external sensor:

Direct access to the menu

Allows presetting the type of this sensor (1-10V or 4-20mA)

- 5- Filter: numerical filter from 100Hz to 0.1Hz
- **6-** Change the Channel color
- 7- Change the signal thickness with the « » and « » keys.

- 8- Setting the diameter: the diameter is the measurement extent corresponding with the total height of the screen, where the channel is traced.
- 9- Setting the location: location of the zero on the screen from -100 to 100%:

Max: 100 %: zero is at the top

- a. Centre: 0 % zero is in the center
- b. Min -100% zero is at the bottom

For example, in the resistance mode, it is interesting to have the zero at its minimum value (-100%), then we will have the maximum value corresponding to the diameter.

- 10- Setting the zero: The zero (or center or offset) is the central value of the measurement.
- 11-Summary window and viewing of the threshold, of the diameter, of the offset of the zero
- 12- Validation and setting the thresholds of trigger 1 and 2; the outline of thresholds on the screen is valid in the f (t) mode: a horizontal line allows viewing the threshold.

Note: A warning message displays when the programmed analogic thresholds are out of the measuring range.

- 13- Function: Allows to assign a function of mathematical calculation to the considered channel.
  - Without: no function.
  - Unit change: Transforms the measurements unit made on the channel; you can program a couple of point X1, Y1 and X2, Y2 to perform a scaling.
  - Calculation: available mathematical functions, associated parameters and units.

aX+bis identical to the change of unit but instead of giving a 0 couple of points, we give the zero (b) and the slope (a).

absolue value a |X| + b

 $a X^2 + bX + c$ square

 $a \ln(X) + b$ Neperian logarithm

a Sqrt (dX+c)+b square root

aExp(cx)+bnatural exponential

a(1/X)+bopposite.

**14-** Channel copy: allows to copy the channel settings on one or several channels.

### 4.6. Additional functions between channels

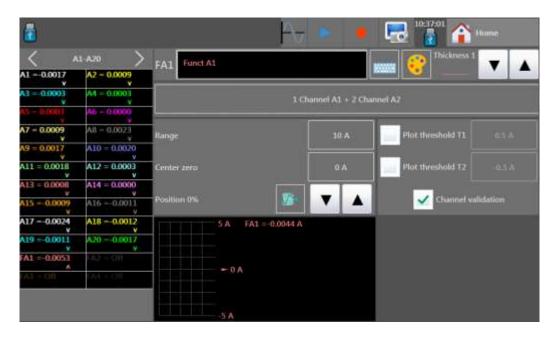
Supplementary channels calculation functions allow to make calculations between channels. Indeed, you can enable up to 4 additional functions per plug-in.

Those functions are not recorded but calculated in real time with the channels. In order to see them in an acquisition, the X and Y channels must be recorded.

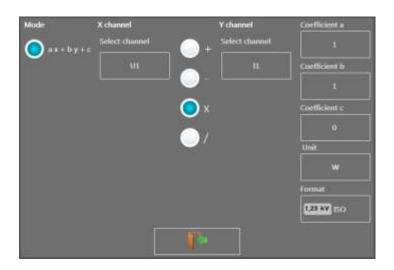
Press the « Functions » key:

A summary page of functions assigned to each plug in. or key: allows to change the view page and to view other functions.

We can access the functions by pressing on the corresponding key in the right band (§4.2). Caution: the function appear only if they are valid (see § 4.8).



The following page appears. Then, you just have to perform the calculation you wish to do by pressing on the formula bar and creating calculation in the following page.



**Example**: To calculate a power P=U.I.

We will then have : ax\*by)+c with:

X = voltage U1= voltage

operator = \*

Y = I1 = current

Unit = W

a = 1

b = 1

c = 0

NB: We can choose any valid channels (of all plugs-in).

## 4.7. Logical channels

### 4.7.1. Logical functions

4 additional channels K1 to K4 allow to have either the calculation of a frequency or a meter.

For that:

- In the right band (see § 4.2): scroll until you reach the K1 to K4 logical functions window.
- Or on the « CHANNELS » page (see § 4.4) scroll pages until you reach the K1 to K4 logical functions window.

Characteristics: see §10.

Frequency:

You can also choose to display the result in tr/min:

Counter: (see § )

A key allows to initialize the counter.

### 4.7.2. Logical channels

The 12 logical channels might be recorded simultaneously with the analog channels. To set the logical channels, press on

- The « logical channels » menu on the main screen.
- or directly press on the section of logical channels present on the left band (you must however confirm the logical channels on the « channels and function validation » screen, (see §4.8)

You access the configuration page of the logical channels:



After choosing the logical channel, you have:

- The choice of the name of each channels on the screen
- The choice of color for each channel on screen.

Moreover, you can access:

- Logical validity: validation of the acquisition of logical channels
- Number of viewed logical channels (from 1 to 12)

### 4.8. Channel validation

You have the possibility to validate or not the channels to record through the different configuration menus of the recorder.

In order to validate or not the recording of a channel, you have to check (to validate) or uncheck (not to validate) on the right of the bargraph of the channel.

The number of recorded channels gives the minimum sampling period.

We can also choose the validation of logical channels, of functions between channels and of logical channels functions.



- For each plug-in (group) or for the logical functions group, you choose the channels to validate or to cancel.
- A key allows to validate/cancel all channels of the group, at the same time.
- A key allows to validate the functions: the 4 functions associated to the viewed group appear.
- The minimum sampling period appears (see  $\S5.x$ ).

## 4.9. Numerical Display

The numerical display is accessible via the main menu by pressing the "Numerical" key.

The numerical page allows to have in real time all channels of the channels groups. (Plugs-in, personal group etc..)



The or keys: allow to change groups and view other channels.

For each channel, you view:

- The name of the channel
- The instantaneous value
- The minimum and maximum values

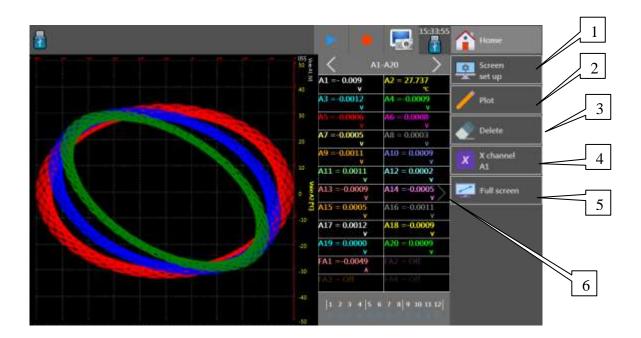
The RAZ min/max key allow to reinitialize the min and max meters.

## 4.10. XY Display

The XY mode is accessible via the main menu by pressing the XY key.

The **XY** display mode allows to visualize the validated channels on the screen and in real time, relative to each other.

One of the channel defines the excursion on the horizontal axis, the other channels give points on the vertical axis.

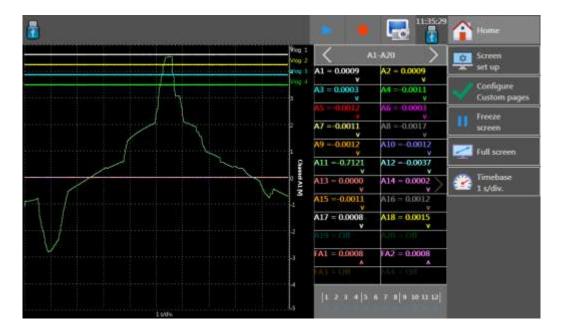


- **1-** Screen configuration: Setting the measurement display on screen.
  - Choice of the mode of graphical visualization :
  - F(t)
  - XY
  - Numerical of measurement (full screen)
  - Full screen to visualize the reticule on full screen (f(t) mode.
  - Color to customize the display colors (background, reticule, cursor).
  - Option graphique
- **2-** Traced: allows to start or stop the outline.
- **3-** Delete: allows to delete the screen.
- **4-** X channel: Choice of the channel on the horizontal axis. (sweep).
- **5-** Full screen: Allows to view on the full screen, press on the reticule to come back to the normal mode.
- **6-** The or key allow to view or not the numerical window (see §4.11.3).

## 4.11. F(t) key

Visualization of measurements in real time on the screen.

The oscilloscope is a scrolling mode, you choose time basis speed and you display the channels in real time.



## 4.11.1. F(t) Menu keys

- **Setting the screen**: Configuration of measurements display on the screen.
  - Choice of the mode of graphical visualization : F(t) or XY
  - Numerical of measurements (full screen)
  - Display of the mathematical calculations
  - Display of terminals and terminals type
  - Number of screen
  - Color to customize the display colors (background, reticle, cursor).
- ➤ Channels validation: allows to choose the channels of groups Perso 1 and Perso 2, we choose then 20 channels maximum among all recorded channels.

  The « reinitialize channels » key cancels the group configuration.
- ➤ Freeze the screen: freezes the graph at the screen to perform measurements through cursors, calculations, save or print the measurements at screen, in the F(t) mode.

You can access to:

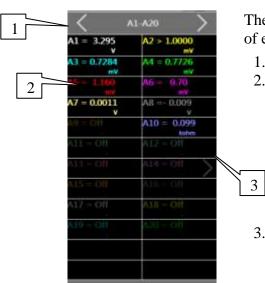
- **Restart**: restart the Sweep
- **Time cursor:** displays vertical cursors (2) to perform measurements on display: move the cursor by selecting it with your finger or the mouse.
- **Voltage cursors**: displays horizontal cursors (2) to perform amplitude measurements on display; for their movement, do as for the time cursors. You can also change the diameter/zero to dilate and move your measurement in the screen.

**Time basis**: Allows to set the time basis per division.

NB: We can have a rectangular visualization: for example, for a speed of 500 ms/div, if 100 channels are validated, the sampling period will be of 100ms, and we will have then 5 points per division and 50 points on the entire screen, hence the rectangular effect.

- ➤ **Full screen**: Allows to visualize the graph on the entire screen. (pressing once on the screen displays the previous screen).
- ➤ Mathematical calculation: allows to display values of mathematical calculations on screen. (To access the mathematical calculations, you have to validate them previously in the "Screen setting" window)

### 4.11.2. Numerical window



The numerical window allows to visualize in real time the values of each channel.

- 1. The or keys: allow to choose the group to view
- 2. By pressing a specific channel:
  - o The graph terminals are bound to this channel.
  - o In real time acquisition, the instant value will show up.
  - o By visualizing the cursors; then the difference value between cursors as well as T1 and T2 values corresponding to cursors T1 and T20 will be displayed.
- 3. Key: allows to validate/cancel the display of this window.

### 4.11.3. Graphical window

The reticle of the graphical window is divided into 10 divisions, the visualization of the total curves is 10 times the time basis (for 1s/div, we have 10 seconds of graphic).

The number of visualized points is 1000 (100 per division).

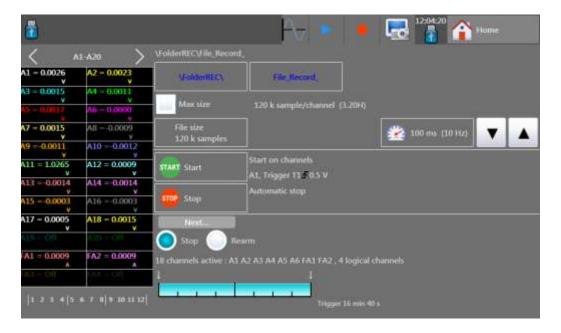
The number of screen can be set in the « screen setting » window.

The right terminals are bound to a valid channel: you just have to press on that channel in the numerical window.

## 4.12. «Trigger » menu

Programming the conditions of start and stop of the data acquisition.

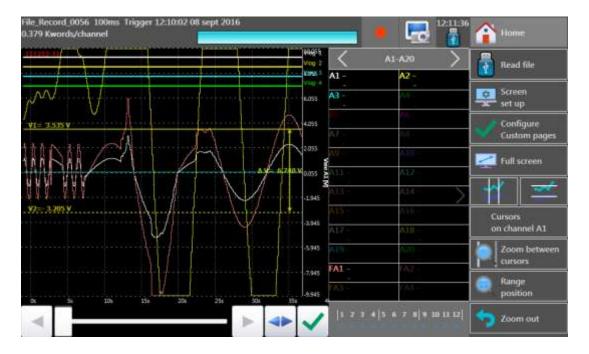
Selection of the actions after data acquisition or plotting and validation of data save in real time.



See the chapter about data acquisition for a more complete description (§10).

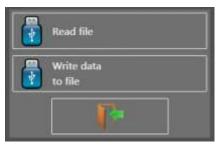
## 4.13. « Memory output » key

Display on screen of the possible data acquisitions into files on the internal memory or an USB stick



This function includes the same commands as the « **Direct view** » function.

The « **Read file** » command allows you to select the file to display. When pressing this key, the following window shows up:



- Read file: selection of the file to view
- Write data to file: saving the part of the displayed file into another file.



For big amounts of acquisition data to display, recovering and displaying the dots may take a long time.

The display includes 2 rounds:

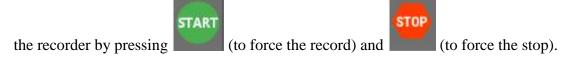
- A quick round for the display of the acquisition envelope: some dots may not appear
- A phase for the display of all dots of the data acquisition: the percentage of loading is specified at the bottom of the screen

## 4.14. « Record » key

This key has various effects according to the way you use it.

Launching the data acquisition into a file and position of the appliance in a stand-by mode, waiting for the trigger condition **Start**.

In any case, you can force the triggering and stop without fulfillment of the conditions inside



The following shows up on the screen:



- current sampling speed
- status of data acquisition (waiting for trigger, sampling rate xx%, ...)

## 4.15. Screen copy

You can create a file copying the content of the LCD screen:



A file will be created, either on the USB stick if present, or into the internal memory. The name of the file will be bmpxxxxx.bmp (incremental name)
In the internal memory, the files are saved into the « FolderBMP » folder.

You can either copy this folder onto an USB stick or erase it. You can also use a ftp link to recover these files.

### 5. TRIGGERS

This chapter describes all possible triggers of the appliance.

They are used by:

- the « configuration » menu, with the A and B alarms
- the « triggers » menu, with the start and stop parameters of the recording.

#### **→** Edge/Level trigger

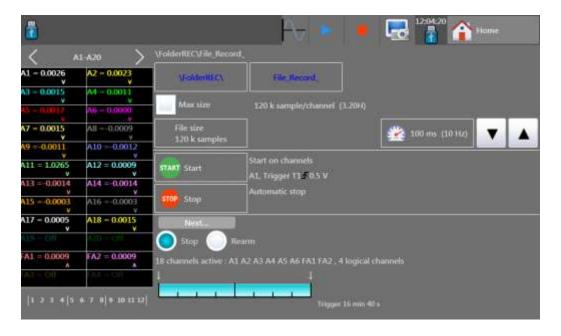
- Edge trigger: you need a change of status
  - o *Example*: Channel A1, rising edge, threshold = 0V: triggers only if the signal status changes from negative to positive
- Level trigger: no need to pass the threshold
  - o *Example:* Channel A1, high level, threshold = 0V: triggers only if the signal is positive
- Alarms only have level triggers.
- → Analogic / Logic channels: trigger only from analogic or logic channels

#### **→** Single / Multiple threshold:

- triggering from only one threshold, or
- complex triggering from several channels and several thresholds; see description below.

Such complex triggering is only possible with analogic channels.

You can set-up these triggers thanks to the « trigger » menu in the homepage.



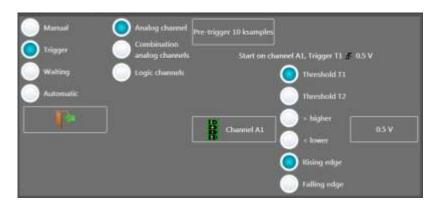
### 5.1. Analogic channel trigger

By pressing Start or Stop, you open the set-up window for the trigger of the start or stop of recording.

After selection of the trigger on Analogic Channels, the following line on screen allows you to set the trigger condition. It depends on the selection of single or multiple threshold.

### 5.1.1. Single threshold

Single threshold trigger:



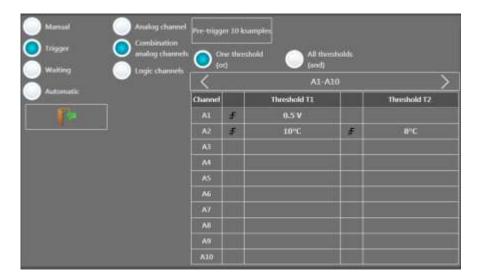
- ✓ Channel: selection of the channel, on which the trigger threshold is applied
- ✓ Threshold 1 / Threshold 2: selection of the threshold to settle; each channel is tested with reference with 2 thresholds, i.e. you can program a start condition on the channel A1 and the threshold 1, and a stop condition on this same channel A1 and the threshold 2
- ✓ Higher / Lower: trigger when the channel value is more or less than the set threshold
- ✓ Threshold value: threshold value selected in real value (taking the current unit and scale of the configuration of the selected channel into account)
- ✓ Edge: Selection of the active edge of the channel in reference to the threshold
- ✓ Pre-triggering (only for start): gives the acquisition time before the trigger appears.

#### 5.1.2. Multiple thresholds

Trigger: Combination of analogic channels

After selection of a trigger on a set of logic channels, the window allows you to set the trigger under several conditions.

Then, by pressing the various thresholds in front of their respective channels, you open the threshold parameter window.



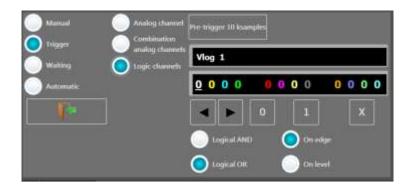
- ✓ One of the thresholds (or): the first achieved condition activates the trigger
- ✓ All thresholds (and): all conditions must be simultaneously achieved to validate the trigger
- ✓ A table makes it possible to select all channels and the validity of the channels Selecting the channel allows the selection of the thresholds
  - S1 and S2
  - Value of the thresholds
  - Rising / Falling edge, or

Low / High value



# 5.1.3. Trigger on Logic Channels

After selection of the trigger on Logic Channels, the window allows you to set the trigger condition.



The 12 logic channels can be used in the trigger word:

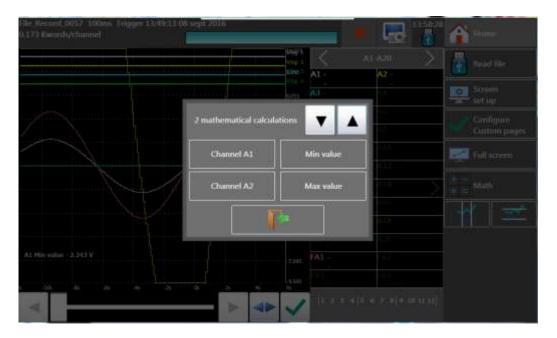
- either active at status 0 (less than 1.6 volt)
- or active at status 1 (more than 4.0 volts)
- or non used X
- AND / OR: the logic function AND / OR is applied to each channel
- Type: edge or level: the trigger is applied on an edge (change of value) or a level

# 6. MATHEMATICAL CALCULATIONS

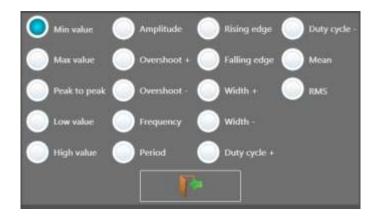
You can apply mathematical calculations on your data acquisitions. You can access them with the « **Direct display** » function.

#### 6.1. Definitions

- In « Screen set-up »: validate « Display Mathematical calculations »
- Then, press the « Mathematical calculations » key



- Selection of the number of calculations
- Channel: selection of the channel where the calculation is made
- **Function:** selection of the calculation function. You can change it by directly pressing the type you want, which pops up a window with all available calculations.



18 various mathematical formulas are available. You can display up to **5 simultaneous calculations** on screen The display is made in windows above the diagrams, where are specified:

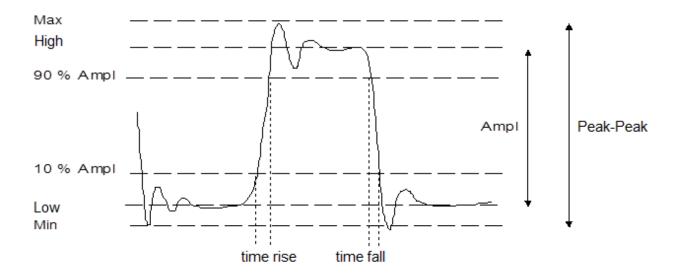
- the number of the channel (with its color)
- the type of calculation
- the value of calculation

You can place this window anywhere on the screen (click/slide).

Under « **Direct display** », calculations are made in real time and the display is updated every 300ms.

The calculation is made on the 1000 points displayed on screen. Hence, the time resolution is 0.1%.

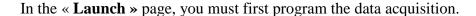
# 6.2. Types of calculations

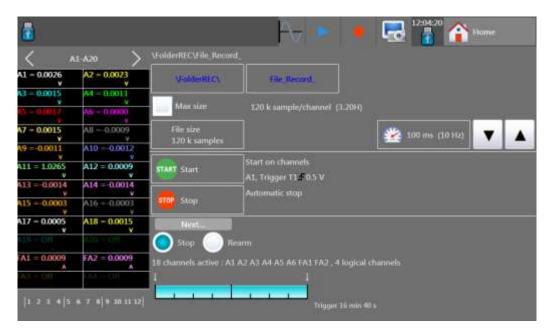


Drawing	Math function	Calculation	Observations
	Minimum		The lowest negative tension bottom
	Maximum		The highest positive tension peak
	Peak to Peak	Max – Min	
	Low		The most frequent value below the median
MM	High		The most frequent value above the median
	Amplitude	High – Low	
	On positive oscillation	$\frac{Max - High}{Amplitude} \times 100$	
	On negative oscillation	$\frac{Low - Min}{Amplitude} \times 100$	
	Frequency	1 Period	Average frequency
	Period	Duration of N complete periods N	Average duration of a complete cycle calculated on as many periods as possible
$T_1$ $T_2$	Rising edge	$T_1 = 10\% \ Amplitude$ $T_2 = 90\% \ Amplitude$ $T_{rise} = T_2 - T_1$	

$T_1$ $T_2$	Falling edge	$T_1 = 90\% \ Amplitude$ $T_2 = 10\% \ Amplitude$ $T_{fall} = T_2 - T_1$	
+ +	Width of positive impulsion	Measurement of the time of 1 <sup>st</sup> positive pulse. It is measured at 50% of amplitude	
	Width of negative impulsion	Measurement of the time of 1 <sup>st</sup> negative pulse. It is measured at 50% of amplitude	
	Positive cyclic ratio	positive pulse duration period	
	Negative cyclic ratio	negative pulse duration period	
	Average	$Aver = \frac{1}{N} \times \sum_{i=1}^{N} V_i$ N: total number of dots	Calculation on the whole graphic range
	RMS	$RMS = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} (V_i)^2}$	Calculation on the whole graphic range

# 7. DATE ACQUISITION





# 7.1. Launch page

- > Definition of the data acquisition file:
  - Selection of the folder
  - Selection of the name (beginning of the file name, the end is an incremental value)
  - Length of the file (maximum or selection of the number of samples per channel)
- > Speed:

The minimum speed is conditioned by the number of channels for acquisition. See §15.4

> Start: Start condition of the data acquisition



- Manual: by pressing a key
- Trigger: on a channel or a combination of analogic or logic channels (see § 5)
- Waiting: after a delay or at a specified date and hour
- Automatic: immediate; automatic stop when the file is full.
- Pre-triggering: definition of the position of the Start trigger in the data acquisition; this position is specified as a number of samples and time
- Stop: Stop condition of the data acquisition
  - Automatic: when the file is full
  - Trigger: on a channel or a combination of analogic or logic channels (see § 5)
- After acquisition: action after the end of the data acquisition Possible only if the Start and Stop triggers are not Manual

- Stop: no action
- Relaunch: a new file is relaunched waiting for the Start trigger
- ➤ View of the active channels, of the recording time, of the pre-launch...



A message « **Impossible** » shows up when the saving possibilities are exceeded: reduce the sampling speed or the number of channels

# 7.2. Recording

You launch the data acquisition by pressing the « **Record** » **key.** 

The recorder will create a file and wait for a trigger. If the trigger is in automatic mode, the data acquisition starts:

On the upper left of the screen appear:

- the name of the file
- the current sampling speed
- the data acquisition state (waiting for trigger...)

The « **START** » key forces the trigger and launches the recording. The « **STOP** » key stops the pending data acquisition.



When waiting for the trigger, the screen makes it possible to display the channels in real time (scrolling mode); you can select the scrolling rate.

After launching, you can also visualize the channels by scrolling or DMM mode:

- press « Main menu »
- $\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{t})$  for real time scrolling
- **Numeric** to display channels in DMM mode.

When changing of menu page, you can return to data acquisition by pressing the "**Record**" key.



For longer data acquisition times, you can zoom onto a part of the data or change of page.

Keys of the « **Display** » menu:

- Total: toute la profondeur mémoire est affichée et rafraîchie pendant l'acquisition.
- **Partial**: only a part of the memory is displayed; the screen is frozen; only the bargraph and the filling rate allow you to know the status of data acquisition; you have access to the time cursors and zooms (see the next chapter).

# 7.3. File output

You can access the « **Replay memory** » mode by pressing



Display of the available data acquisitions in files:

### 7.3.1. F(t) display

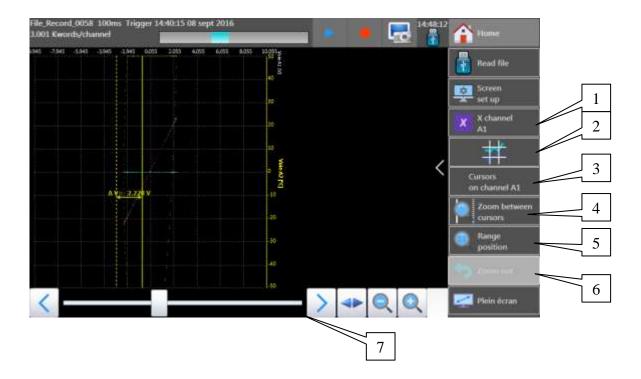


- 1- Read file: selection of the file to display.
- 2- Screen set-up: type of display, diagrams; see § Use.
- 3- Configure custom pages (in the pages Perso 1 and Perso 2)
- 4- Full screen
- 5- Math (if valid)
- 6- Time cursors (vertical cursors) Channel value cursors (horizontal cursors)
- 7- Zoom between cursors: makes it possible to zoom between the positioned cursors Zoom + and Zoom -: make it possible to zoom or unzoom onto a part of the data acquisition.
- 8- Total display of the data acquisition
- 9- Validation of the recorded channels to display
- 10-Cursor to scroll in the data acquisition.

Up in the window, you have:

- the name of the file
- the sampling speed
- the date of the trigger
- the number of dots per total channel
- a bargraph showing the filling status of the file.

# 7.3.2. XY display



- 1. Selection of the channel for abscissa values X
- 2. Display of the cursors
- 3. Selection of the channel where to apply the cursor
- 4. Zoom between cursors
- 5. Manual change of the caliber/position of the channel
- 6. Return to the initial calibers/positions of the channels
- 7. Position inside the memory.

# 8. FILE MANAGEMENT

#### 8.1. General

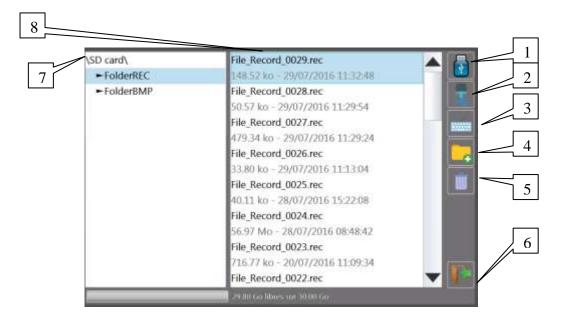
For all possible files, the appliance has an internal flash disk available and may accept an USB stick, which makes it possible:

- to save and load the total configuration of the recorder
- to save or restore a data acquisition.

The names of the set-up files have a « cnf » extension.

The names of the data acquisition files have a « rec » extension.

You can create directories and save the files into them.



- 1- HD / USB stick: read/write into the internal flash disk or an USB stick (if it was connected at the start of the appliance)
- 2- Copy of a file to USB: copy the selected file or folder to an USB peripheral
- 3- Type the name of a new file
- **4- Create folder**: creation of a new folder; you can type its name with the alphanumerical keyboard displayed on screen
- **5- Erase**: erases the selected folder or file
- 6- Close the window
- 7- Selection of the folder window: Allows you to select the folder to work with
- 8- Selection of the file window: Allows you to select the file to work with



It is highly advisable to work in a folder and not at the root of the flash disk When erasing a folder, all files in this directory will be erased too.

# 8.2. Set up file

The configuration file management page is linked to the « **Set up**» key.

Their name bear the "cnf" extension.

These commands are only available when the data acquisition is stopped.

The available commands in the configuration window are:

- **Reset**: sets up the appliance in standard configuration
- Load from disk: loads a configuration from a file in the internal flash disk or an USB stick
- Save to disk: saves a configuration into a file in the internal flash disk or an USB stick

#### 8.2.1. Save set up files

Press « Save to disk »

You can type the name of the file with the alphanumerical keyboard displayed on screen.



Advice: Do not save files to the root of the disk; create directories for a more efficient management.

#### 8.2.2. Load set-up files

Press « Load from disk »

Select the directory and then the file to load, and click « Load ».



Attention: you will lose the pending configuration.

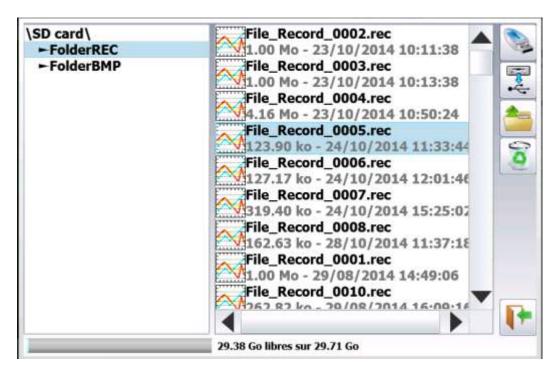
# 8.3. Management of the data acquisition files

In the main menu, press the « **Memory output** » key. Press the first « **Read file** » key.

- **Read file**: loading of the data acquisition files
- Write into file: saving a part of a file into another file

#### 8.3.1. Loading the data acquisition files

The following window shows up:



When selecting a file - you can only read data acquisition files (suffix .rec), you can:

- Copy it onto an external USB stick
- Erase it
- Read it.

Select the place and name of the file to load and display on screen, then press



« **Load configuration** » make it possible to load the configuration of the appliance when the file was created. The pending configuration of the appliance will be deleted.

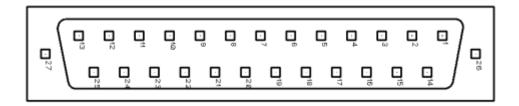
#### 8.3.2. Saving the data acquisitions

You choose a file name; the part displayed on screen will be saved into this new file. Only the zoomed part of the older file will be saved into the newer file.

# 9. INPUTS/OUTPUTS

# 9.1. Additional Input/Output Connectors

The connector is at the rear (female SUB-D 25pin).

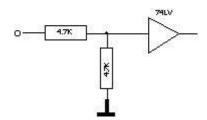


#pin	Name of the signals	
13	Logic channel 1	
25	Logic channel 2	
12	Logic channel 3	
24	Logic channel 4	
11	Logic channel 5	
23	Logic channel 6	
10	Logic channel 7	
22	Logic channel 8	
9	Logic channel 9	
21	Logic channel 10	
8	Logic channel 11	
20	Logic channel 12	
7	Logic channel 13	
19	Logic channel 14	
6	Logic channel 15	
18	Logic channel 16	
5	Ground	
17	Ground	
4	Ground	
16	9-15V 0.2A power	
3	Ground	
15	Alarme C	
2	Alarme D	
14	Alarm A	
1	Alarm B	

The power supply ground is the mechanical ground of the carter of the SUB-D25 connector.

# 9.2. Logic inputs

Inputs are according to the following circuit:



Non-connected inputs are 0V potential (level 0).

Number of logic channels: from 1 to 12. TTL level: 3.3V (protected up to 24V)

To create a rising edge, you only have to place a connection between the power input and output of the connector.

Similarly, to create a falling edge, you only have to remove this connection.

You can also use an output signal TTL 3.3V.

#### 9.2.1. Use

#### Plotting and display:

They are displayed at the top or the bottom of the screen according to the selected position. They are numbered from the right to the left.

Each channel is plotted between two dotted lines that show their limits.

#### **Triggers:**

You can use the logic channels to trigger the plotting and the data acquisitions (start and stop). (AND or OR mode)

See chapter « **Trigger** ».

# 9.3. Alarm outputs

Available contacts and outputs on the rear connector A, BC and D.

All outputs are TTL 5V.

When the appliance is powered off, outputs have a  $5k\Omega$  impedance

#### 9.3.1. Use

Signal for internal events to the outside toward the recorder (triggers on logic or analogic channels, status of the printing block...)

See chapter « Use ».

# 9.4. Power supply output

There is a power supply output restricted to 0.2A (see figure "connector").

The tension is the one of the 9-12V battery as a function of the charge and 15V is the charger is connected.

The ground of this power supply is the mechanical ground.

Thus, you can use this output to provide power to a sensor or an electronic circuit in order to manage the logic inputs.



The power supply may disappear in case of overload (> 0.2A). In this case, you must turn off the appliance a few minutes before turning it on again.

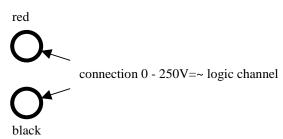
# 9.5. Extension box input/output interface

#### The extension box input/output interface option (code 984405500) makes it possible to:

- Convert an alternating tension (example 230V 50Hz) into a logic signal 1
- Easy connection of the inputs of the 16 logic channels
- Insulation of the 16 logic inputs (250V=~ between channels, 250V=~ between channels and ground)
- Easy connection of the alarm outputs by a screw terminal
- Power supply of an external accessory with 3.3V, 5V or 12V by a screw terminal.

#### Connection of the logic channels according to the signal tension:

• 0 to  $250V = \sim$ 



by insulated pin plug between red and black terminals

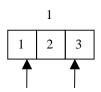
max. usable tension: 250V continuous or alternating

typical trip threshold (AC or DC): 48V

frequency: 45 to 440Hz

undetected low threshold (AC or DC): 0 to 10V detected high threshold (AC or DC): 60V to 250V insulation: 250V=~ between channel and ground

• 0 to 48V=~



connection 0 - 48V logic channel

by a screw terminal between the points 1 and 3 of the screw terminal box

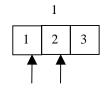
max. usable tension: 48V (AC or DC)

frequency: 45 to 440Hz

typical trip threshold (AC or DC): 9V

undetected low threshold (AC or DC): 0 to 2V detected high threshold (AC or DC): 10V to 48V insulation: 50V=~ between channel and ground

#### • 0 to 10V=~



connection 0 - 10V logic channel 1

by a screw terminal between the points 1 and 2 of the screw terminal box

max. usable tension: 10V continu ou alternatif

frequency: 45 à 440Hz

typical trip threshold (AC or DC): 2.2V

undetected low threshold (AC or DC): 0 to 1V detected high threshold (AC or DC): 3V to 10V insulation: 50V=~ between channel and ground

#### **Response time:**

To detect the alternating current, the signal of the logic channels is rectified and filtered.

Typical delay for a rising signal: 10ms Typical delay for a falling signal: 50ms

#### Use:

Link the box to the input/output connector of the appliance with the 25-pin connector provided as an option.

Connect the logic channels to record with respect of the maximum acceptable tensions.

#### **Power supply / Alarms:**

	DAS1600/800/8460	DAS20/30/40/50	DAS240
1	Ground	Ground	Ground
2	3.3V	3.3V	3.3V
3	5V	5V	5V
4	12V	12V	12V
5	Ground	Ground	Ground
6	Alarm A c1	-	Alarm C
7	Alarm A c2	-	Alarm D
8	Alarm B	Alarm A	Alarm A
9	Alarm C	Alarm B	Alarm B
10	Ground	Ground	Ground

max current 3.3V: 200mA max current 5V: 200mA max current 12V: 200mA

Alarm A,B,C,D : logic output 0V / 5V not isolated

# 9.6. Extension wire for logical channels

code 902407000



Length: 1,2m

Color	Mark	#	
Black	GND	3	Ground
Red	12V	1	12V
White	L1-L8	8	Logical channel 1 à 8
Blue	L9-L16	8	Logical channel 9 à 16
Yellow	AL1-AL4	4	See below

# DAS240

	Mark	
K1	L13	Logical function K1
K2	L14	Logical function K2
K3	L15	Logical function K3
K4	L16	Logical function K4

	DAS1600/800/8460	DAS20/30/40/50	DAS240
AL1	Alarm A c1	-	Alarm C
AL2	Alarm A c2	-	Alarm D
AL3	Alarm B	Alarm A	Alarm A
AL4	Alarm C	Alarm B	Alarm B

# 10. INTERFACE

#### 10.1. Ethernet Interface

You can use the recorder remotely via its Ethernet interface with the TCP-IP protocol. Connect the recorder to your network with a straight-through cable onto the 10/100 BASE-T (RJ45) connector at the rear of the appliance.

You can use the recorder on an Ethernet network 10 Mbit/s or 100Mbit/s.

In case of a network with BNC cable, you must use an external hub to convert the BNC signal into RJ45 signal (use a straight-through cable).

If your PC has no network, you can also use a crossover cable directly between the PC and the recorder.

Crossover cable

	Connector 1		Connector 2	
	Pin	Signal	Pin	Signa1
I	1	TX+	3	RX+
I	2	TX-	6	RX-
I	3	RX+	1	TX+
ĺ	6	RX-	2	TX-

The recorder uses the TCP/IP protocol to dialog with the PC. Thus, you can give it an IP address with a subnet mask.

Ask your network administrator an IP address and a corresponding mask, then, when you

have set up the recorder with the key, turn off and on the appliance, so that the changes are taken into account.

If you don't have any network administrator:

Check that the TCP/IP driver is correctly installed on your appliance.

Case of a PC under Win XP or other:

From Windows Explorer, go to "Work station", "Configuration panel", "network connection", and then go to the properties of the network card.

Check that the TCP/IP protocol has been installed, then check the IP address and the subnet mask.

You have to take great care and define an IP address and a subnet mask that are compatible with the ones of the remote computer.

The port that the recorder uses is **Port #23**.

For example, in I mode, you could have:

PC	IP=192 135.20.00	mask = 255.255.255.0
Recorder	IP=192.135.20.01	mask = 255.255.255.0

Refer to the definition of the classes of IP addresses.

#### **Programmation:**

You can create your own software under Visual Basic, Visual C++, etc. by using, for example, the Winsock.dll driver by Microsoft.

Then, you only have to send the commands as per the following paragraphs to the recorder.

#### 10.2. WIFI interface

Use only the USB stick provided by SEFRAM.

Turn the appliance on with the USB stick on a relevant port.

In the « **Set-up** » menu, press the « **Network** » key.

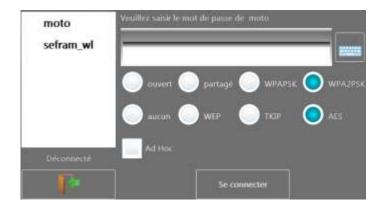
Once the Wi-Fi validated, press the « Wi-Fi networks » key.



(if you don't see your network, press the Ethernet/Wi-Fi keys several times)

When your network appears, select it and validate.

The commands are automatically positioned. You only have to type the password. In case of connection problem, contact your network administrator.



In the set-up page you will get the IP addresses of the Ethernet and Wi-Fi networks.



#### 10.3. FTP transfer

Transfer your files to your computer to save them or view them with the SeframViewer software.

- Using of the Windows file explorer
- **Filezilla**: freeware (https://filezilla-project.org/)
- Using an external browser (Internet Explorer, Mozilla, Opera, Chrome, etc.)

Launch your browser and type the connection address (see § **Set-up**):

« **Ftp:**// » followed by the IP address of your recorder

Then, press the Entry key of your computer.

You will get direct access to the directories of your recorder, including the data acquisition files: **HD**: root directory of the internal drive disk of your appliance.

Once you have selected the folder where you recorded your data acquisitions, you can rename them, move them, copy them or erase them.

Transfer your files to your computer to use them with the provided SeframViewer software or FLEXPRO.



You cannot read a file in real time while recording it.

# 10.4. Managing with VNC:

This piece of software allows you to manage the recorder remotely.

#### 10.4.1. Changing the password

In the « Set-up » page, press VNC. You can then change the password of VNC. The default password is « **sefram** ».

#### 10.4.2. External software VNC Viewer

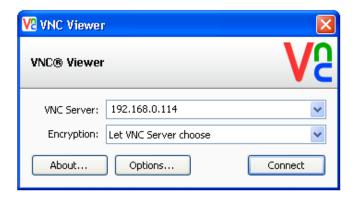
You are submitted a link to easily download this software: <a href="http://www.realvnc.com/download/viewer/">http://www.realvnc.com/download/viewer/</a>. Select the exe file.

You only have to follow the instructions on site to install this software properly. At the end of set-up, you will have the possibility to select a version for your VNC viewer (you may have to pay for some of them). Select the version you want according to the applications you need.

Just open the « VNC viewer » file where you recorded it.

On the VNC Server line: you must type the IP address of your recorder and the password (the default password is « **sefram** »), then click « Connect »

You will be able to control your recorder from your computer.



#### 10.4.3. Viewing with SeframViewer

You can transfer the data acquisition files to a PC computer for viewing.

The SeframViewer software is provided on a CD-ROM with the appliance. You can use it to view the recorded files or convert it into xls or txt files.

It works under WINDOWS with Framework 2.0.

Transfer of the files from the appliance to the PC computer:

- USB peripheral device
- with the FTP protocol

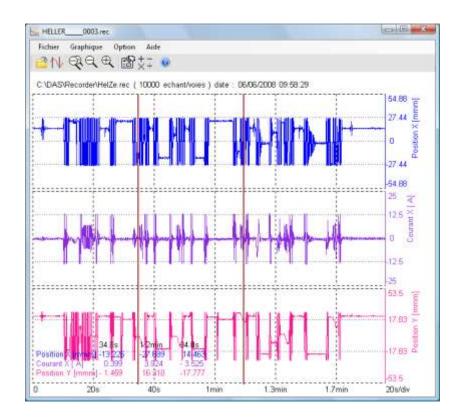
Launch the SeframViewer software (or double-click on a file)

Open a data acquisition file (suffix .rec)

You can select:

- the channels to display
- the display mode f(t) or xy
- the self-calibration of the channels.

Your data acquisition file shows up on screen. The functions of SeframViewer are available.



Refer to the instruction manual included in the software to discover all available functions in SeframViewer by clicking on the last icon « **Help** ».

You can also directly create a file (.txt or .xls) by launching the command mode of Windows® with the following line (see the Options sub-menu of the help): Example:

C:\Program Files (x86)\SeframViewer\seframviewer.exe monfichier.rec /x

will create a .xls file
C:\Program Files (x86)\SeframViewer\seframviewer.exe monfichier.rec /t
will create a .txt file

Excel@export will directly launch Excel in the browser.



# 11. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

#### 11.1. General characteristics

Number of inputs: 20 per module

max. 20 modules Impedance: 1  $M\Omega$ 

max. acceptable tensions:

between the 2 terminals of a channel: +100 V DC between 2 channels 100 V DC between a channel and the ground 100 V DC

Installation category: overvoltage category: 100V cat. 1 (see § 11.12)

Type of measurements:

Tension, current (through external shunt), Thermocouple J, K, T, S, B, N, E, C, L PT100, PT1000, Resistance

### 11.2. Tension recording

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{max caliber} & 200 \text{ V } (\text{-}100 \text{ V to } +100 \text{ V}) \\ \text{min caliber} & 1 \text{ mV } (\text{-}0.5 \text{ mV to } +0.5 \text{ mV}) \\ \text{accuracy} & \pm 0.1\% \text{ of full scale } \pm 10 \mu\text{V} \\ \text{offset drift} & 100 \text{ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1 \mu\text{V/}^{\circ}\text{C} \end{array}$ 

# 11.3. Record of the temperature of thermocouple

Sensor	Domain of use
J	-210°C to 1200 °C
K	-250°C to 1370 °C
T	-200°C to 400 °C
S	-50°C to 1760 °C
В	200°C to 1820 °C
E	-250°C to 1000 °C
N	-250°C to 1300 °C
С	0°C to 2320 °C
L	-200°C to 900 °C

The accuracy of the thermocouples is specified in append.

Compensation of the cold welding:  $\pm 0.5$ °C

#### 11.4. Pt100/Pt1000 Record

- Current generator:
  - PT100: 1mAPT1000: 100μA
- Domain of use: -200°C to 850°C
- 2 wires or 3 wires
- Correction resistance in 2-wire mode: max.  $30\Omega$
- max. resistance in 3-wire mode:  $50\Omega$
- Accuracy at 20°C room temperature:  $\pm 0.3$ °C  $\pm 0.1$ % of the measurement value

#### 11.5. Resistance Probe Record

2 input ranges:

- 1kΩ:
  - Current generator: 1mA
  - Accuracy 1Ω
- 10kΩ
  - Current generator: 100µA
  - Accuracy 10Ω

# 11.6. Sampling

- Polling system (one sample per valid channel)
- Resolution: 16 bits
- Sampling period per channel:
  - 1 ms if tension >50mV
  - 2ms for:
    - Pt100 / Pt1000
    - thermocouples
    - tension  $\leq 50 \text{mV}$

Example: for 10 channels with 4 thermocouples and 6 tensions 10V, the sampling period per channel will be min. 14ms (4\*2+6), the min. sampling period on file will be 20ms (50Hz)

• Filters: Butterworth filter order 2 from 10Hz to 0.01Hz (the frequency of the filter must be max. half the total sampling frequency).

# 11.7. Additional inputs / outputs

### 11.7.1. Logic functions

Logic functions (K1 to K4)

Same characteristics as the logic channels (see the following chapter)

- Pulse counter:
  - o counter from 0 to max. 10000000
  - o Minimum impulsion: 10µs
- Frequency:
  - o 10Hz to 10kHz
  - o Accuraty: 0.1 %
- PWM:
  - o Frequency: 100Hz to 2kHz
  - o Accuracy: 0.1 %

#### 11.7.2. Logic channels

Number of channels: 12
Input impedance: 4.7kΩ
max. sampling frequency: 1kHz (1ms)
max. possible tension: 24V category 1

### 11.7.3. Alarm outputs

- 4 alarms A, B, C et D
- Outputs 0-5V
- On trigger (see § 17.7)
- On triggering of the data acquisition

# 11.7.4. External power supply

Nominal tension battery tension (from 9 to 15V)
 max. intensity 0.2A restricted resettable fuse

# 11.8. Triggers

- Date
- Delay
- Thresholds and combinations (or/and) of thresholds (2 per channel)
- Word on logic channel (and, or, edge, level)

# 11.9. Acquisition files

Size of the internal flash disc min. 32Go
max. file size 2Go
Trigger: see §10.7

• Pre-trigger: variable from 0 to 100 ksamples

The max. speed depends on the number of channels for acquisition. see §11.4

#### 11.10. Communication interface

#### 11.10.1. Ethernet

- Speed 10/100 base-T

- Connector RJ45

- DHCP possible

- FTP server

- VNC server

- NTP client

- Remote control:

Protocol TCP/IP Connection port 23

#### 11.10.2. USB connector

For memory and wi-fi sticks, and mouses *Standard* USB 2

*Type* 2 female connectors type A

#### 11.10.3. **Display**

Screen TFT 10", color, backlight

Total resolution 1024 x 600 pixels

#### 11.11. Environment conditions

#### 11.11.1. Weather conditions

Working temperature 0°C to 40°C

max. relative humidity 80 % non-condensing

Storage temperature -20°C to 60°C

### 11.11.2. Power supply - battery

External power supply: mains block 100/240 VAC,

jack 5.5 mm, hole 2.1 mm output 15 V 4 A max

Non-removable battery: lithium ion 10.8 V, 6.5 Ah (9 V at end of discharge)

200 cycles charge / discharge

Battery life: with screen saver: 15h

without screen saver: 10h

#### 11.11.3. Dimensions and weight

DAS 240:

Depth 66mm Width 298mm Height 175mm

Weight 1,5kg (2kg with battery)

20-channel module:

Depth 196mm
Width 67mm
Height 23mm
Weight 0.2kg

# 11.12. Security, insulation class, installation category

Security class: handy appliance for use on field

Security conform to IEC61010-1 (2010)

Pollution degree 2

Power supply by 15 V external block code 207195117

*Installation category* (overvoltage category)

Measurement input category I 100V, overvoltage 500V Other input/ouput measurement category I (CAT I)



The carter of the appliance is grounded if the mains block is connected to the recorder

# 11.13. Accessories

# 11.13.1. Accessories provided with the appliance

Battery charger	207195117
1 male 25-pin connector for logic channels	214200250
1 cover for connector	214299014
Extension box (with accessory set)	902401000

# 11.13.2. Accessories and options

Transportation briefcase	902408000
Internal battery	902405000
Shunt $50\Omega$ 0.01%	902406500
Box for logic channels	984400550
Cord for logic channels	902407000
Cord for 0.7m box	902407500
Extension box (with accessory set)	902401000
Wi-Fi stick	902402000
Rack	902409000

# 12. APPENDS

### 12.1. Measurement accuracy for thermocouple

The thermocouple measurements are treated as tension measurements.

For a given range of temperature measurement, the software calculates the tension caliber the following way:

- \* Let « T » the absolute value of the max. measurable value, in °C
- \* Add 40°C to take the max. cold welding temperature into account
- \* Search the corresponding tension value U in the table of thermocouples
- \* Program the caliber with U included in the range.

#### **Example:**

You want to program a measurement range between -50 and +  $50^{\circ}$ C with a J thermocouple:

• Max. absolute value

 $T = 50^{\circ}C$ 

• Add 40°C

 $T + 40 = 90^{\circ}C$ 

• Corresponding U tension according to the tables ThJ

U = 4.726 mV

• Programmed caliber: 10 mV (measurement range: -5mV to +5mV)

The measurement inaccuracies below are max. values: the typical values are half to thrice as much.

The temperature measurement accuracy is the sum of several possible uncertainty causes:

Pl: linearization accuracy

Ps: weld welding accuracy

Pm: measurement accuracy of the equivalent tension

The total accuracy Pt is then: Pt = Pl + Ps + Pm

For the recorder:

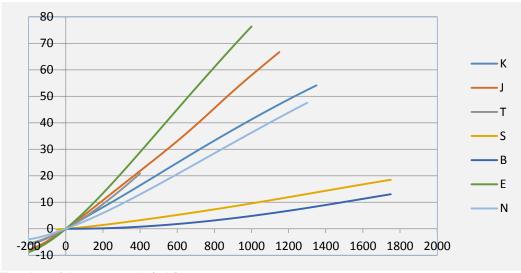
Pl = +0.25°C for all thermocouples

 $Ps = \pm 0.5$ °C for all thermocouples

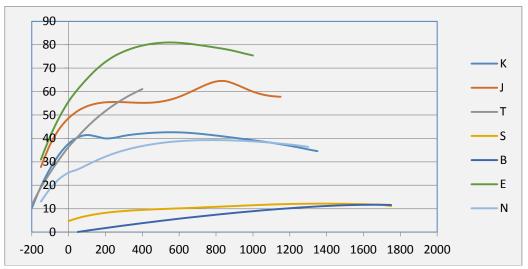
Pm=0.1% of the tension caliber +  $10\mu V)$  divided by the slope of the thermocouple in  $\mu V/^{\circ}C$ 

Measurement accuracy: Pm

The measurement accuracy Pm depends on the tension caliber of the appliance (see the previous paragraph) and on the slope of the thermocouple. You shall take the slope at 0°C while knowing that it will vary as a function of the temperature, but this variation is generally of the second order for the accuracy calculation.



Tension of thermocouple (mV)



Slope of the thermocouples  $(\mu V)$ 

#### Example:

At 100 °C the slope of thermocouple J is 60 µV

At -200 °C slope is  $30\mu V$ .

So the error is 2 time greater then 100°C to -200°C.

#### **EXAMPLE OF ACCURACY CALCULATION**

You make a welding between -50°C and +50°C with a J thermocouple with compensation of cold welding.

Pt = Pl + Ps + Pm + Pd

 $Pl = \pm 0.25$ °C (linearization accuracy)

 $Ps = \pm 0.5$ °C (compensation of cold welding)

Used caliber 10mV (see previous example) Accuracy for tension measurement  $0.1\%*10mV + 10\mu V = 20\mu V$ 

Slope of J thermocouple  $50 \mu V/^{\circ}C$ 

Accuracy Pm  $Pm = 20/50 = 0.4^{\circ}C$ 

Total accuracy Pt = 0.25 + 0.5 + 0.4 = 1.15°C

# 12.2. Accuracy class - class index

This is one of the most important concepts of the CEI recommendation; it tends to shorten the list of specifications. To do so, it introduces the concept of PREDICTIVE CLASS that depends on the C CLASS INDEX.

The normalized values of the class index are: C = 0.1, 0.25, 0.5 and 1.

The intrinsic error (in the reference conditions) does not exceed  $\pm$  C % (the manufacturer may also specify this limit of the intrinsic error as an absolute value (ex.  $\pm$  5  $\mu$ V) for the first calibers).

The variations (of the measured value) with the variations of one of the influential variables in the nominal range of use do not exceed:

- C % for the position for the magnetic induction with external source and parasite tensions
- 0.5 C% for the power supply source
- 0.3 C% according to the class index at ambient temperature (0.15% for the 0.25 class).

In addition, the insensitivity range should not exceed:

- C% in the reference conditions
- 1,5C% for the maximal resistance of the external measurement circuit
- 2C% for parasite tensions

And the excess should not be more than 2C% (4C% within the limits of the power supply source).

